



HATCH & FORAGE CHART

SOUTH FORK RESERVOIR

RESERVOIR • 5,600 FT • 16 MI S OF ELKO

A stillwater mixed bag — trout on chironomids and Callibaetis, bass and wipers on crayfish and minnows.

Spring ice-off (Mar-May) and the fall feed (Sep-Oct) are the two windows to build a trip around. Mid-summer stays good but slides to first and last light.

HATCH / FORAGE	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	GO-TO FLIES
CHIRONOMIDS / MIDGES #14–22			•	•	•					•			Zebra Midge, Chironomid Pupa, Griffith's Gnat
BLOOD MIDGE #14–18				•									Red Zebra Midge, Blood Midge Pupa
CALLIBAETIS MAYFLY #12–16						•	•						Callibaetis Nymph, Parachute Adams, Callibaetis Cripple
DAMSELFLY #8–12						•							Marabou Damsel, Balanced Damsel, Adult Damsel
DRAGONFLY NYMPH #4–8													Olive Woolly Bugger, Dragon Nymph
WATER BOATMAN / BACKSWIMMER #12–16										•			Boatman, Backswimmer
SCUDS #12–18													Olive Scud, Tan Scud
LEECHES #6–10			•	•					•	•			Balanced Leech, Simi Seal Leech, Woolly Bugger
BAITFISH #2–8									•	•			Woolly Bugger, Clouser Minnow, Sculpin
TERRESTRIALS (ANT • BEETLE • HOPPER) #8–16								•					Foam Hopper, Flying Ant, Foam Beetle
CRAYFISH #4–8						•	•	•					Near 'Nuff Crayfish, Woolly Bugger (rust)
BLUE-WINGED OLIVE (INFLOW) #16–20													BWO Nymph, Parachute BWO, RS2

ACTIVITY Off Sparse Active Prime

SEASON spring summer fall winter

THE BITE WINDOW

In summer the whole thing tightens to the dawn and dusk windows — the same first-light / last-light bias the live bite gauge scores on each water page.

HOW TO READ IT

Each row is a food source; each column a month. Darker = more of it on the water. Match the darkest cells for the month you're fishing, then let the live conditions on the water page fine-tune the day.